8.—Canadian Grain Handled at Eastern Elevators, Crop Years Ended July 31, 1934-44

Note.—Figures for the crop years 1922-29 are given at p. 626 of the 1931 Year Book and for 1930-33 at p. 512 of the 1943-44 edition.

Item and Crop Year	Wheat	Oats	Barley	Flaxseed	Rye	Total Grain
Receipts-	bu.	bu.	bu.	bu.	bu.	bu.
1934	164, 248, 854	17,949,649	7,496,255	631,973	837,076	191, 163, 807
1935	116, 415, 429	10,851,457	10,045,694	485,990	933,244	138,731,814
1936	164, 427, 961	20,967,752	14,403,239	582,309	2,033,088	202, 414, 349
1937	161,828,565	12, 273, 485	6,247,592	586,734	2,444,583	183,380,959
1938	118,582,130	7,496,487	27,610,593	482,529	1,400,923	155, 572, 662
1939	224, 541, 409	16,024,099	24,845,946	547,082	891,751	266, 850, 287
1940		15, 204, 169	14,340,317	666,436	2,163,482	272,787,063
1941	294, 736, 497	7,958,781	8,937,925	2,206,498	906, 154	314,745,855
1942	282, 400, 393	5,468,716	7,240,814	1,912,528	785,929	297,808,380
1943	219,652,250	9,785,401	5,278,318	1,244.032	458,979	236,418,979
1944	254,389,628	18,838,600	20,806,305	752,512	739,090	295, 526, 135
Shipments-						
1934	166, 952, 408	16,824,993	6,325,712			192,028,272
1935	105, 273, 843	13,027,608	11,047,771	485,990		
1936	184, 120, 242	19,563,798	14,652,637			
1937		13, 159, 516	6,724,438			
1938		7,358,685	27,090,701			
1939		13,763,219	24,626,489			
1940		17,360,438	14,784,608			
1941		8,319,274	9,358,776			
1942		5,377,665				
1943		9,214,194	5,348,513	1,223,582		
1944		17, 221, 335	17, 164, 441	628,979	829,960	284, 425, 888

Wheat Flour.—Per capita consumption of wheat flour in Canada has been well maintained, while export shipments have increased sharply and include a substantial movement to Russia. In 1942 there were 1,171 flour and feed mills operating in Canada as compared with 1,129 in 1941; there were also 894 chopping mills. The capacity of the flour mills in barrels per day was 98,562 in 1942 and 98,739 in 1941. During the crop year 1943-44 the mills operated very close to the limits of their capacity to produce wheat flour, having reached as high as 97 p.c. in the month of November. Statistics of employees, power installation, value of products, etc., for flour and feed mills for 1942 are given in Table 9 of the Manufacturers Chapter at pp. 392-393.

Section 4.—Marketing of Live Stock and Live-Stock Products*

Since the outbreak of war there has been a great increase in the demand for live stock and live-stock products in the form of meats, dairy products, poultry and eggs. These products have not only been required in greater volume to meet requirements of Britain and other United Nations, but also the demand in Canada has expanded sharply as a result of greater purchasing power in the hands of the consumers. Live stock thus makes a very important contribution to farmers' income and also provides the basis for a large slaughtering and meat-packing industry in Canada.

^{*} Revised in the Agricultural Branch, Dominion Bureau of Statistics. For more detailed information on this subject, see "Live Stock and Animal Products Statistics", published annually by the Dominion Bureau of Statistics; and the "Annual Market Review", published by the Live Stock Branch of the Dominion Department of Agriculture. Statistics of live stock and poultry are given at pp. 211-217 of this volume.